

State of Misconsin LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

RESEARCH APPENDIX PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE FROM DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 12/18/2006 (Per: ARG)

Appendix A

The 2007 drafting file for LRB 07-0002/P1

has been copied/added to the 2007 drafting file for

LRB 07-0823

The attached 2007 draft was incorporated into the new 2007 draft listed above. For research purposes, this cover sheet and the attached drafting file were copied, and added, as a appendix, to the new 2007 drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.

This cover sheet was added to rear of the original 2007 drafting file. The drafting file was then returned, intact, to its folder and filed.

2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received:	08/25/2006	•			Received By: rcl	hampag	
Wanted: A	s time pern	nits			Identical to LRB	:	
For: Frederick Kessler (608) 266-5813			By/Representing: Sharon Little (aide)				
This file m	nay be shown	n to any legisla	tor: NO		Drafter: agary		
May Conta	ict:				Addl. Drafters:		
Subject:	State F	inance - inves	tment boar	d	Extra Copies:	RAC	
Submit via	email: YES						
Requester's	s email:	Rep.Kessl	er@legis.w	isconsin.gov			
Carbon cop	by (CC:) to:	aaron.gar	y@legis.wis	sconsin.gov			
Pre Topic:							
No specific	pre topic gi	ven					
Topic:	in Sudan						
Instruction	ns:						2/
See Attache	ed						
Drafting H	listory:						
Vers. I	<u>Orafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
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	igary 19/06/2006	wjackson 09/16/2006	rschluet 09/18/200	06	lparisi 09/18/2006		
FE Sent For	·• •			<end></end>			

2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 08/25/2006

00/23/2000

Wanted: As time permits

For: Frederick Kessler (608) 266-5813

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

May Contact:

Subject:

State Finance - investment board

Received By: rchampag

Identical to LRB:

By/Representing: Sharon Little (aide)

Drafter: agary

Addl. Drafters:

Extra Copies:

RAC

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Kessler@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Investment in Sudan

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

Vers.

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Drafted

agary

Reviewed

/pl wy 9/16

0186

Submitted

<u>Jacketed</u>

Required

FE Sent For:

<END>

Gary, Aaron

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Monday, August 28, 2006 3:44 PM

To:

Little, Sharon

Cc:

Champagne, Rick

Subject: RE: RI Bill

Hi Sharon,

I will be the drafter on this bill for the '07 session. The draft number is 2007 LRB-0002 and I almost have the draft finished, so you should see it before too long. I did want to let you know that the same issue Rick flagged in his drafter's note to 2005 LRB-3810 is still present. I have prepared the draft as a "/P1" and would be happy to discuss this further once you've had a chance to review it.

Aaron

Aaron R. Gary
Legislative Attorney
Legislative Reference Bureau
608.261.6926 (voice)
608.264.6948 (fax)
aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

From: Little, Sharon

Sent: Monday, June 05, 2006 4:29 PM

To: Champagne, Rick Subject: FW: RI Bill

Hi Rick,

Rep. Kessler recently met with the state and national Action in Sudan leaders and agreed to have the attached RI bill drafted for WI. You drafted LRB 3810 for us this session but we didn't introduce it because of your drafter's note. Hopefully RI's example will work as a model for WI. Please let me know if you have any questions. Also, feel free to contact Mark Miller whose contact information is attached for information. Thanks.

Sharon

From: Mark Miller [mailto:rudyais@earthlink.net]

Sent: Monday, June 05, 2006 4:06 PM

To: Rep.Kessler Subject: RI Bill

Sharon,

Here is a copy of the RI targeted divestment bill which will serve as a model for the Wisconsin bill.

If you have any questions, please contact me, either at this email address or at 233-1341.

Thanks for your help.

Mark Miller Action in Sudan LC02928

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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2006

AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC FINANCE -- STATE INVESTMENT COMMISSION

Introduced By: Representatives Almeida, Ajello, Williams, Davey, and Slater Date Introduced: April 06, 2006

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	Section 1. Chapter 35-10 of the General Laws entitled "STATE INVESTMENT
2	COMMISSION " is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
3	35-10-15. Investment in corporations doing business in Sudan. — (a) The assets of any
4	investment account, including pension, endowment, and annuity funds, under the jurisdiction of
5	the state investment commission and/or the state treasurer (the "fiduciaries") shall not be invested
6	in companies ("targeted companies") which either directly or through an affiliated instrumentality
7	meet the following criteria:
8	(1) Provide revenues to the Sudanese government through business with the government,
9	government-owned companies or government-controlled consortiums.
0	(2) Offer little substantive benefit to those outside of the Sudanese government or its
1	affiliated supporters in Khartoum, Northern Sudan and the Nile River Valley; this "outside"
12	population specifically includes the country's disaffected Eastern, Southern, and Western regions.
13	(3) Have either demonstrated complicity in the Darfur genocide or have not taken any
4	substantial action to halt the genocide. Substantial action shall include, but is not limited to,
15	curtailment of operations or public pressure on the Sudanese government. Simple company
6	statements shall not constitute evidence of substantial action.
17	(b) Companies providing military equipment, arms, or defense supplies to any domestic
8	party in Sudan, including the Sudanese government and rebels, shall automatically be targeted for
9	divestment. A strong presumption shall also be made against any company providing any

i	domestic party in Sudan with equipment that may be readily co-opica for minutary asc, merdanig
2	radar systems and military-grade transport vehicles, unless that company has implemented
3	safeguards against such co-option.
4	(c) Companies which, either directly or through an affiliated instrumentality, provide
5	services clearly dedicated to social development for the whole country shall be excluded from
6	divestment. Such entities include, but are not limited to, those providing medicine and medical
7	equipment, agricultural supplies and agricultural infrastructure, educational opportunities,
8	journalism-related activities and general consumer goods.
9	(d) The following types of investments shall be subject to divestment:
10	(1) Direct holdings of public equity, corporate bonds, and Sudanese government-issued
11	bonds.
12	(i) Direct investments shall be defined as holdings directly managed by the fiduciaries
13	mentioned in this ordinance and all holdings administered by a contracted manager in separately
14	managed accounts, including both actively-managed and passively-managed/indexed funds.
15	(2) Holdings of public equity, corporate bonds, and Sudanese-government-issued bonds
16	in commingled accounts that are passively-managed/indexed. Actively-managed, commingled
17	accounts, for both public equity and fixed-income investments, will be excluded from immediate
18	divestment. Such accounts are still covered under subsection (e) of this section.
19	(3) Private equity holdings with readily identifiable ties to Sudan.
20	(i) "Readily identifiable" is left to the good faith judgment of the fiduciaries mentioned in
21	this section.
22	(e) The state treasurer and board of investment commissioners shall submit letters to
23	contracted managers of actively-managed, commingled accounts requesting that the manager
24	consider creating an actively-managed, commingled account devoid of companies targeted as a
25	result of this section. In the event of such an introduction, the fiduciaries shall transfer all assets
26	in actively-managed, commingled accounts into the newly available, Sudan-free accounts in an
27	expedited timeframe still consistent with the fiduciaries' prudent investor obligations.
28	(f) The list of targeted companies shall be determined by submitting the criteria in
29	subsection (a) to a reputable and nonbiased third-party research firm, such as, but not limited to,
30	the institutional Shareholder Services, Inc. and KLD Research & Analysis. Such a list may
31	require modifications as circumstances in Sudan evolve.
32	(g) Research attained through the process outlined in subsection (f) must, when possible,
33	be supplemented by publicly available research, communication with potentially targeted
34	companies and communication with states and institutions that have already divested.

1	(h) Reasons for eliminating or adding a company from a preliminary list of identified
2	companies based on the process outlined in subsection (f) must be justified in writing and
3	supported by available research.
4	(i) The state treasurer and state investment commission shall take appropriate action to
5	sell, redeem, divest or withdraw any investment held in violation of this act.
6	(1) At least fifty percent (50%) of assets eligible for divestment under this section shall
7	be removed from the fiduciaries' assets under management by six (6) months after approval of
8	this act.
9	(2) One hundred percent (100%) of assets eligible for divestment under this section shall
10	be removed from the fiduciaries' assets under management within one year after approval of this
11:	
12	(j) Prior to divestment from a targeted company, the fiduciaries shall notify the targeted
13	company of the impending decision and encourage the company to alter its current practices.
14	(k) The state treasurer shall file with the clerks of the house of representatives and of the
15	senate a report of all investments held as of the effective date of this section which are in
16	violation of this section. Annually thereafter, the state treasurer shall report on all investments
17	sold, redeemed, divested or withdrawn in compliance with this section.
18	(1) If it is determined by the state treasurer that a company, which had previously been
19	considered a targeted company, has ceased business operations with Sudan or its
19 20	considered a targeted company, has ceased business operations with Sudan or its instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company.
20	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company.
20 21	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company. (m) In the event that the government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in
20 21 22	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company. (m) In the event that the government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur for at least twelve (12) months, as determined jointly by the state department and congress
20 21 22 23	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company. (m) In the event that the government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur for at least twelve (12) months, as determined jointly by the state department and congress of the United States, the provisions of this section shall expire.
20 21 22 23 24	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company. (m) In the event that the government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur for at least twelve (12) months, as determined jointly by the state department and congress of the United States, the provisions of this section shall expire. (n) In the event that the United States revokes its current sanctions on Sudan, the
20 21 22 23 24 25	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company. (m) In the event that the government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur for at least twelve (12) months, as determined jointly by the state department and congress of the United States, the provisions of this section shall expire. (n) In the event that the United States revokes its current sanctions on Sudan, the provisions of this section shall expire.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company. (m) In the event that the government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur for at least twelve (12) months, as determined jointly by the state department and congress of the United States, the provisions of this section shall expire. (n) In the event that the United States revokes its current sanctions on Sudan, the provisions of this section shall expire. SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and nothing in this act shall alter or
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	instrumentalities, then subsections (h) and (k) shall no longer apply to that company. (m) In the event that the government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur for at least twelve (12) months, as determined jointly by the state department and congress of the United States, the provisions of this section shall expire. (n) In the event that the United States revokes its current sanctions on Sudan, the provisions of this section shall expire. SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and nothing in this act shall alter or diminish existing fiduciary or statutory obligations and other terms, conditions, and limitations on

LC02928

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC FINANCE -- STATE INVESTMENT COMMISSION

This act provides that the assets of any investment account, including pension, endowment, and annuity funds, under the jurisdiction of the state investment commission and/or the state treasurer shall not be invested in companies ("targeted companies") which either directly or through an affiliated instrumentality provide revenues to the Sudanese government through business with the government, government-owned companies or government-controlled consortiums.

This act would take effect upon passage and nothing in this act would alter or diminish existing fiduciary or statutory obligations and other terms, conditions, and limitations on the investment of retirement system assets for the exclusive interest and benefit of participants and beneficiaries of a retirement system.

LC02928

2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE



LRB-0002/P1 ARG:.....

in 9/6

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

() Note

AN ACT ...; relating to: prohibiting the Investment Board from making certain

investments relating to Sudan.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill generally prohibits the State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) from making certain investments related to Sudan. With certain exceptions, the bill prohibits SWIB from making future investments in, and requires SWIB to divest itself of prior investments in, any of the following:

1. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of equity of publicly held targeted companies.

2. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of corporate bonds of targeted companies.

3. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of Sudan debt.

4. Equity holdings of privately held companies that have readily identifiable ties to Sudan.

In the bill, targeted companies include companies that provide revenues to the government of Sudan through business with the government, companies that offer little substantive benefit to those outside the government of Sudan, companies that have either demonstrated complicity in the Darfur genocide or have not taken any substantial action to halt the genocide, and companies that provide military equipment, arms, or defense supplies in Sudan. SWIB, in determining whether a company is a targeted company subject to these restrictions, must initially contract for or otherwise obtain a list from a reputable and nonbiased third-party research firm of companies that meet the definition of a targeted company under the bill. If

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possible, SWIB must supplement this list by using certain additional information. SWIB must modify the list as circumstances in Sudan evolve.

The bill requires SWIB to report to the legislature annually on its investments

that are subject to the bill and its process of divestment.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 25.183 (4) of the statutes is created to read: 1 25.183 (4) Investments relating to Sudan. (a) In this subsection: 2 1. "Direct holdings" means all holdings directly managed by the board and all 3 holdings of the board administered by an outside manager in separately managed dedicated accounts, including actively managed funds, passively managed funds, and index funds. 2. "Indirect holdings" means all holdings other than actively managed funds of the board administered by an outside manager in separately managed commingled accounts, including passively managed funds and index funds. 3. "Social development company" means any company that either directly or 10 through an affiliated instrumentality provides services clearly dedicated to social 11 development for the whole country, including any company that provides medicine 12 or medical equipment, agricultural supplies or agricultural infrastructure, 13

4. "Substantial action," when referring to a company, includes curtailment of company operations in Sudan or the company's pursuit of public pressure on the government of Sudan, but does not include mere company statements.

educational opportunities, journalism-related activities, or general consumer goods.

5. "Sudan debt" means bonds issued by the government of Sudan.

	$ar{ar{J}}_{a}$ and $ar{ar{J}}_{a}$
1	6. "Targeted company" means any company that either directly or through an
2	affiliated instrumentality meets any of the following criteria:
3.	a. Provides revenues to the government of Sudan through business with the
4	government, government-owned companies, or government-controlled
5	consortiums.
6	b. Offers little substantive benefit to those outside the government of Sudan
7	or its affiliated supporters in Khartoum, Northern Sudan, the Nile River Valley, or
8	the disaffected Eastern, Southern, and Western regions of Sudan.
9	c. Has either demonstrated complicity in the Darfur genocide or has not taken
10	any substantial action to halt the genocide.
11	d. Provides military equipment, arms, or defense supplies to any domestic
12	party in Sudan, including the government of Sudan and rebels.
13	(b) Notwithstanding s. 25.15 (2), and except as provided in par. (f), on or after
14)	the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], the board may not invest
<u>1</u> 5	any of the moneys in funds under its management in any of the following:
16	1. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of equity of publicly held targeted
17	companies
18	2. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of corporate bonds of targeted
19	companies.
20	3. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of Sudan debt.
(21)	4. Equity holdings of privately held companies that, in the good faith judgment
22	of the board, have readily identifiable ties to Sudan.
23	(c) Notwithstanding s. 25.15 (2), and except as provided in par. (f), if the board,
24	prior to the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], invested any of
25	the moneys in funds under its management in any holding described in par. (b) 1. to

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- 4., the board, in a prudent manner, shall sell, redeem, divest, or withdraw any such investment in accordance with the following timetable:
- 1. Not less than 50 percent of such investments before the first day of the 7th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].
- 2. The remainder of such investments before the first day of the 13th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].
- (d) In determining whether a company is a targeted company under this subsection, the board shall initially contract for or otherwise obtain a list from a reputable and nonbiased third-party research firm, such as Institutional Shareholder Services, Inc., or KLD Research & Analytics, Inc., of companies that meet the definition of a targeted company under this subsection. If possible, the board shall supplement this list by using publicly available research and by communicating with potentially targeted companies and with states and institutions that have previously sold, redeemed, divested, or withdrawn investments described in par. (b) 1. to 4. In determining whether a company is a targeted company as described in par. (a) 2 d., the board shall make a strong presumption that any company providing any domestic party in Sudan with equipment that may be readily co-opted for military use, including radar systems and military-grade transport vehicles, is a targeted company unless that company has implemented safeguards against such co-option. The board shall modify the list described in this paragraph as circumstances in Sudan evolve, but if the board removes a company from or adds a company to the list described in this paragraph, the board shall state in writing the reasons for the removal or addition, and such reasons must be supported by available research.

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- (e) Prior to the sale, redemption, divestment, or withdrawal of an investment from a targeted company under par. (c), the board shall notify the targeted company of the impending sale, redemption, divestment, or withdrawal and encourage the targeted company to alter any current practice that causes the board to be required to sell, redeem, divest, or withdraw investments in the targeted company. (f) 1. The requirements under pars. (b) and (c) shall not apply with respect to any social development company. 2. If the board determines that a company that has previously been determined to be a targeted company and is identified in the list described in par. (d) has ceased business operations with Sudan or its instrumentalities, the board shall remove the company from the list described in par. (d) and, thereafter, the requirements under pars. (b), (c), (d), and (i) shall not apply with respect to that company. (g) With respect to holdings of the board of equity of publicly held targeted companies and of corporate bonds of targeted companies that are administered by an outside manager in separately managed commingled accounts that are activel managed funds, although pars. (b) and (c) do not apply to such investments. the board shall send a letter to any such outside manager requesting that the outside manager consider creating an investment option devoid of targeted companies. If the manager creates such an investment option, the board shall transfer into this new investment option, in an expedited timeframe, all moneys in actively managed, commingled accounts administered by this outside manager, if such a transfer is
 - (h) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply if any of the following occur:

consistent with the standard of responsibility under s. 25.15 (2).

	•
1	The government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur
(2)	for at least twelve months, as determined jointly by the federal department of state
<u>(3)</u>	and the U.S. congress.
4	2. The United States revokes its sanctions on Sudan.
5	(i) Not later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after publication
6	[revisor inserts date], and annually thereafter, the board shall report to the
7	legislature in the manner provided under s. 13.172 (2) on its investments described
8	in par. (c) and on any sale, redemption, divestment, or withdrawal of such
9	investments in the period since any prior report was submitted under this
10	paragraph.
11	Section 2. Effective date.
12	(1) This act takes effect on the 16th day after publication.
13	(END)

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0002/P1dn ARG:..... W-j

Representative Kessler:

Please review the attached draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent.

As requested, the attached draft is based upon legislation introduced in Rhode Island. I find the Rhode Island legislation quite confusing. I have attempted in the attached draft to reorganize and clarify the provisions of the Rhode Island legislation, as well as tailor it to the Wisconsin statutes, without omitting the substance of that legislation. However, I believe the attached draft is still confusing in places and might be improved with additional modifications. I also note that at least three states (Illinois, New Jersey, and Oregon) have enacted Sudan divestment legislation that seems more straightforward than that offered in Rhode Island. See 15 IL 520/22.5 and 22.6 and 40 IL 5/1–110.5; NJ s. 52:18A–89.9, ORS 293.812 to 293.817.

Existing federal economic sanctions against Sudan (The Sudanese Sanctions Regulations, 31 C.F.R. Part 538, which implement Executive Order 13067) apply to commercial and financial activity in Sudan and with the Sudanese government. A copy found at be sanctions can economic these of $http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx_04/31cfr538_04.html.\\$ In Crosby National Foreign Trade Council, 530 U.S. 363, 120 S.Ct. 2288 (2000), the United States Supreme Court held that a Massachusetts law restricting the authority of state agencies to purchase goods or services from companies doing business with Burma was invalid under the Supremacy Clause of the federal constitution. However, in Board of Trustees v. Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, 317 Md. 72, 562 A.2d 720 (Md.Ct.App. 1989), cert. denied 493 U.S. 1093 (1990), the Court of Appeals of Maryland found that a Baltimore city ordinance requiring the city employee pension systems to divest their holdings in companies doing business in South Africa was valid, despite challenges on numerous legal grounds including the federal Supremacy Clause. While the Supreme Court in Crosby made clear that it was not addressing the issue of divestment of public funds in a foreign country, and deliberately left uncertainty about the continuing vitality of such cases as Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, the Supreme Court decision in Crosby, combined with the arguments and reasoning in the underlying affirmed federal Circuit Court decision (National Foreign Trade Council v. Natsios, 181 F.3d 38 (1st Cir. 1999)), leaves significant doubt about the future vitality of Mayor and City Council of Baltimore. Based upon these cases, it is entirely unclear whether the

provisions of this bill would be found valid and enforceable if challenged in court, regardless of whether the focus of the bill is investment directly in the country of Sudan or in "targeted companies" that do business in Sudan.

Please let me know if you would like any changes made to the attached draft or if you have any questions. If the attached draft meets with your approval, let me know and I will convert it to an introducible "/1" draft.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0002/P1dn ARG:wlj:rs

September 18, 2006

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Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261-6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us



2

State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0002/P1 ARG:wlj:rs

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to create 25.183 (4) of the statutes; relating to: prohibiting the

Investment Board from making certain investments relating to Sudan.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill generally prohibits the State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) from making certain investments related to Sudan. With certain exceptions, the bill prohibits SWIB from making future investments in, and requires SWIB to divest itself of prior investments in, any of the following:

1. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of equity of publicly held targeted companies.

2. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of corporate bonds of targeted companies.

3. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of Sudan debt.

4. Equity holdings of privately held companies that have readily identifiable ties to Sudan.

In the bill, targeted companies include companies that provide revenues to the government of Sudan through business with the government, companies that offer little substantive benefit to those outside the government of Sudan, companies that have either demonstrated complicity in the Darfur genocide or have not taken any substantial action to halt the genocide, and companies that provide military equipment, arms, or defense supplies in Sudan. SWIB, in determining whether a company is a targeted company subject to these restrictions, must initially contract for or otherwise obtain a list from a reputable and nonbiased third-party research firm of companies that meet the definition of a targeted company under the bill. If

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The bill requires SWIB to report to the legislature annually on its investments that are subject to the bill and its process of divestment.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 25.183 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

25.183 (4) Investments relating to Sudan. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Direct holdings" means all holdings directly managed by the board and all holdings of the board administered by an outside manager in separately managed dedicated accounts, including actively managed funds, passively managed funds, and index funds.
- 2. "Indirect holdings" means all holdings other than actively managed funds of the board administered by an outside manager in separately managed commingled accounts, including passively managed funds and index funds.
- 3. "Social development company" means any company that either directly or through an affiliated instrumentality provides services clearly dedicated to social development for the whole country, including any company that provides medicine or medical equipment, agricultural supplies or agricultural infrastructure, educational opportunities, journalism-related activities, or general consumer goods.
- 4. "Substantial action," when referring to a company, includes curtailment of company operations in Sudan or the company's pursuit of public pressure on the government of Sudan, but does not include mere company statements.
 - 5. "Sudan debt" means bonds issued by the government of Sudan.

1	6. "Targeted company" means any company that either directly or through an
2	affiliated instrumentality meets any of the following criteria:
3	a. Provides revenues to the government of Sudan through business with the
4	government, government-owned companies, or government-controlled
5	consortiums.
6	b. Offers little substantive benefit to those outside the government of Sudan
7	or its affiliated supporters in Khartoum, Northern Sudan, the Nile River Valley, or
8	the disaffected Eastern, Southern, and Western regions of Sudan.
9	c. Has either demonstrated complicity in the Darfur genocide or has not taken
10	any substantial action to halt the genocide.
11	d. Provides military equipment, arms, or defense supplies to any domestic
12	party in Sudan, including the government of Sudan and rebels.
13	(b) Notwithstanding s. 25.15 (2), and except as provided in par. (f), on or after
14	the effective date of this paragraph \dots [revisor inserts date], the board may not invest
15	any of the moneys in funds under its management in any of the following:
16	1. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of equity of publicly held targeted
17	companies
18	2. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of corporate bonds of targeted
19	companies.
20	3. Direct holdings or indirect holdings of Sudan debt.
21	4. Equity holdings of privately held companies that, in the good faith judgment
22	of the board, have readily identifiable ties to Sudan.
23	(c) Notwithstanding s. 25.15 (2), and except as provided in par. (f), if the board,
24	prior to the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], invested any of
25	the moneys in funds under its management in any holding described in par. (b) 1. to

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- 4., the board, in a prudent manner, shall sell, redeem, divest, or withdraw any such investment in accordance with the following timetable:
- 1. Not less than 50 percent of such investments before the first day of the 7th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].
- 2. The remainder of such investments before the first day of the 13th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].
- (d) In determining whether a company is a targeted company under this subsection, the board shall initially contract for or otherwise obtain a list from a reputable and nonbiased 3-party research firm, such as Institutional Shareholder Services, Inc., or KLD Research & Analytics, Inc., of companies that meet the definition of a targeted company under this subsection. If possible, the board shall supplement this list by using publicly available research and by communicating with potentially targeted companies and with states and institutions that have previously sold, redeemed, divested, or withdrawn investments described in par. (b) 1. to 4. In determining whether a company is a targeted company as described in par. (a) 6. d., the board shall make a strong presumption that any company providing any domestic party in Sudan with equipment that may be readily co-opted for military use, including radar systems and military-grade transport vehicles, is a targeted company unless that company has implemented safeguards against such co-option. The board shall modify the list described in this paragraph as circumstances in Sudan evolve, but if the board removes a company from or adds a company to the list described in this paragraph, the board shall state in writing the reasons for the removal or addition, and such reasons must be supported by available research.
- (e) Prior to the sale, redemption, divestment, or withdrawal of an investment from a targeted company under par. (c), the board shall notify the targeted company

- of the impending sale, redemption, divestment, or withdrawal and encourage the targeted company to alter any current practice that causes the board to be required to sell, redeem, divest, or withdraw investments in the targeted company.
- (f) 1. The requirements under pars. (b) and (c) shall not apply with respect to any social development company.
- 2. If the board determines that a company that has previously been determined to be a targeted company and is identified in the list described in par. (d) has ceased business operations with Sudan or its instrumentalities, the board shall remove the company from the list described in par. (d) and, thereafter, the requirements under pars. (b), (c), (d), and (i) shall not apply with respect to that company.
- (g) With respect to holdings of the board of equity of publicly held targeted companies and of corporate bonds of targeted companies that are administered by an outside manager in separately managed commingled accounts that are actively managed funds, although pars. (b) and (c) do not apply to such investments, the board shall send a letter to any such outside manager requesting that the outside manager consider creating an investment option devoid of targeted companies. If the manager creates such an investment option, the board shall transfer into this new investment option, in an expedited timeframe, all moneys in actively managed, commingled accounts administered by this outside manager, if such a transfer is consistent with the standard of responsibility under s. 25.15 (2).
 - (h) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply if any of the following occur:
- 1. The government of Sudan sufficiently halts the ongoing genocide in Darfur for at least 12 months, as determined jointly by the federal department of state and the U.S. Congress.
 - 2. The United States revokes its sanctions on Sudan.

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(i) Not later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after publication
[revisor inserts date], and annually thereafter, the board shall report to the
legislature in the manner provided under s. 13.172 (2) on its investments described
in par. (c) and on any sale, redemption, divestment, or withdrawal of such
investments in the period since any prior report was submitted under this
paragraph.

SECTION 2. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the 16th day after publication.

(END)